

J.W. / Biao Ma

prf?

§0

$$\sqrt{2} \notin \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\sqrt{2} \notin \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{3})$$

$$\sqrt{2} \notin \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{5})$$

$$\text{Gal}(\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{5})/\mathbb{Q}) \cong (\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})^3$$

\Leftrightarrow br. cover of $L = L_1 \cup L_2 \cup L_3$

応用 5: \mathbb{R} 以上の解の公式は+と-
作(√)(∩)問題 } 冪の≡
 $\sqrt{2}$ は不可

§1. π_L and Δ_L

$$L = L_1 \cup \dots \cup L_d \subset S^3$$

d-comp link

$$\pi_L := \pi_1(S^3 - L)$$

$$\text{ab}: \pi_L \rightarrow \pi_L^{\text{ab}} = \langle t_1, \dots, t_d \rangle$$

$$\ker \text{ab} \Leftrightarrow X_\infty \xrightarrow{\mathbb{Z}\text{-cover}} X = S^3 - L$$

$$H_1(X_\infty) \cong (\ker \text{ab})^{\text{ab}}$$

$$\pi_L^{\text{ab}} \cong \Delta := \mathbb{Z}\langle t_1^2, \dots, t_d^2 \rangle$$

fin gen Λ -module

$$\text{ord}(H_1(X_\infty)) = (\Delta_L(t_1, \dots, t_d))$$

$$(H_1(X_\infty) \cong \Delta / (\Delta_L))$$

J. L links

$$\pi_J \xrightarrow{\cong} \pi_L \Rightarrow \Delta_J = \Delta_L$$

$$\text{eg } \Delta_J = \langle t_1 t_2 - 1 \rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta_L = \langle t_1^a t_2^b - 1 \rangle$$

up to $GL_d \mathbb{Z}$ -action. $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$, coprime

$$\mathbb{Q}. \hat{\pi}_L := \varinjlim_{P \in \mathbb{P}^1} \pi_L / P$$

$$\hat{\pi}_J \cong \hat{\pi}_L \Rightarrow ?$$

$$\text{ab} \downarrow \mathbb{Z}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^d$$

$$* \mapsto Vx, V \in GL_d \mathbb{Z}$$

§3. $\hat{\pi}$

π : fin gen gp
fin pres

res. fin

$$\exists \pi \hookrightarrow \hat{\pi}$$

Q. $\hat{\pi} \cong \hat{\Gamma} \Rightarrow \pi \cong \Gamma$ か?

[Grothendieck 1970]

- 冪に No.

$\pi_1(3\text{-mfd})$: res fin. by Perelman

Rem $\hat{\pi} \cong \hat{\Gamma} \Leftrightarrow \{\pi \text{ の有限商の同型類全体} \} = \{ \Gamma \text{ の } \neq \}$

Hempel +

unknown $\exists? J \neq K$ prime knots

s.t. $\hat{\pi}_J \cong \hat{\pi}_K$

known . If $J =$ fig. eight, then yes

etc
geometry all $\rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^2$

\exists 同型集合
ICMAT

Thm (U) $\Delta_J = \Delta_K$

prf $\hat{\mathbb{Z}} := \varprojlim \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$
 $(\Delta_J(t)) = (\Delta_K(t^v))$
 $\Rightarrow v \in \hat{\mathbb{Z}}^\times$ in $\mathbb{Z}_p[[t^{\hat{\mathbb{Z}}}]$

- $\mathbb{R}/\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \cong \mathbb{R}/\mathbb{Z}$ (NAK Lemma)
- Fried's prop (use Artin Mazur Zeta)

$\S 3$. $\hat{\pi}_J \cong \hat{\pi}_L$ or not

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ab \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \hat{\mathbb{Z}}^d \cong \hat{\mathbb{Z}}^d & & \\ \ast \mapsto v \ast & & \end{array}$$

$v \in GL_d \hat{\mathbb{Z}}$.
Thm $\Delta_J = \Delta_L$
 up to $GL_d \hat{\mathbb{Z}}$ -action

Cor If $d=2$ then $\mathbb{Q} - \text{AS} = 10?$
 $|\ell_k(J_1, J_2)| = |\ell_k(L_1, L_2)|$

$\odot \ell_k = \Delta(1,1)$
Cor If J : hyp $\mathbb{Q} d \geq 2$
 Casson Link type inv.

$GL_d \hat{\mathbb{Z}} \ni GL_d \mathbb{Z}$ is "thin"ish.
 \odot [Yi Liu 2023 Invent] of Thm 1.2
 Wilton Zaleski, Agol Wise,